Management Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

> Mgt. Ltr. 4/200/09

## Management Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

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To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Mono Bridgeport, California

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the County of Mono (County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. We consider the following deficiencies to be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal controls as reported within the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs of the Single Audit report:

Finding 08-FS-1: Material Weakness: SEFA Preparation

Finding 08-FS-2: Material Weakness: Apportionment of Property Taxes

Finding 08-FS-3: Material Weakness: Capital Assets

Finding 08-FS-4: Material Weakness: Accounting for Cash Drawdowns from Fiscal Agent

Finding 08-FS-5: Material Weakness: Deferral of Revenues

Finding 08-FS-6: Material Weakness: Accounts Receivable: Year-end Review

We previously reported on the County's internal control in our report dated January 9, 2009 which contains our report on significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the County's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated January 9, 2009, on the basic financial statements of the County of Mono.

During our audit we also became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters.

This report is intended for the use of management, the Board of Supervisors and officials of the federal and state grantor agencies and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We thank the County's staff for its cooperation during our audit.

BARTIG, BASLER & RAY, LLP A Gallina LLP Company

Barting Baske & Ray, LIP Roseville, California

Management Report Required Communication For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

# The Auditor's Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and OMB Circular A-133

As stated in our engagement letter dated June 9, 2009, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Because an audit is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material misstatements may exist and not be detected by us.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We also considered internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. Also, in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the County's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

#### Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our engagement letter dated June 9, 2009.

Management Report Required Communication For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

#### **Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices**

Significant Accounting Policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the County are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended June 30, 2008. We noted no transactions entered into by the County during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

#### Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate(s) affecting the financial statements were:

- Accrual and disclosure of compensated absences
- Capital asset lives and depreciation expense
- Allowance for uncollectible accounts
- Actuarial valuations of risk management liability
- Liability for solid waste landfill closure and postclosure costs

#### Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

#### **Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements**

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements.

Management Report Required Communication For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Material Misstatements Corrected by Management

The following material misstatements that we identified as a result of our audit procedures were brought to the attention of, and corrected by, management:

- Several significant adjustments were made to receivables and deferred revenue:
  - Receivables of \$565 thousand not collected within the County's 60 day availability period was not properly recorded as deferred revenue in the Governmental fund statements.
  - O The County reported a future cash drawdown from a trustee bank account as accounts receivable and revenue which resulted in an overstatement of \$514 thousand to these accounts.
  - o The County recorded duplicate journal entries for a receivable amount of \$231 thousand resulting in an overstatement.
  - The County incorrectly recorded cash receipts as a reduction to accounts receivable instead of to a revenue account resulting in an understatement of accounts receivable and revenue by \$157 thousand.
- The capital assets balance was understated by \$1.2 million due to a year-end accrual not being added to the County's capital asset system for capitalization. Also, equipment valued at \$208 thousand was added to the capital asset system twice.
- The County's over apportionment of property taxes in the Secured Collections Trust fund resulted in a negative cash balance of \$4.8 million at year-end compared to \$291 thousand in the previous year.

Immaterial Misstatements Not Corrected by Management

Management passed on the following adjustment:

• Reclassify \$97 thousand in revenue to deferred revenue to properly account for a receivable that was unavailable to pay for current obligations.

Management has determined that their effects are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Report Required Communication For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

#### **Management Representations**

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated January 9, 2009.

#### Management Consultations with Other Independent Auditors

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the County's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Management Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

#### DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE/AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

#### SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND - GENERAL LEDGER

#### Condition

The County did not properly utilize its general ledger to account for the activity of all the assets and liability accounts, including interest earned on accounts with the trustee, interest expense related to certificates of participation, capital asset purchases and disposals and depreciation expense. For example, the County recorded the annual change in the trustee account balance as an adjustment to equity instead of adjusting the accounts affected by the change, including interest income and debt service expense.

#### Effect of Condition

Accurate financial statement information cannot be compiled using the County's general ledger balances for the solid waste enterprise fund. In addition, recurring adjustments are required at year-end to reconcile fund equity to compile the year-end financial statements.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the County modify its process for recording activity in the solid waste fund's general ledger. The County should refrain from posting accounting adjustments directly to equity, a self-balancing account.

#### Management Response

Management has been advised of this circumstance. There had been a prior misunderstanding, of how changes were expected to be posted, but with a new understanding of what is desired, the County will change the way the recording of trustee accounts is handled.

Management Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

#### **DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE/AUDITOR-CONTROLLER** (continued)

#### USE OF MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE ACCOUNT

#### Condition

We noted that the County's use of the miscellaneous revenue account (account 1701) include various types of revenue, including intergovernmental revenues and revenue generated from charges for services. During the audit, we noted that the miscellaneous revenue accounts aggregated for County funds were in excess of \$3.8 million, including \$1.05 million reported in the capital projects fund.

#### Effect of Condition

The level of detail for classifying transactions should be sufficiently categorized so as to be meaningful to management in making decisions.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the County consider restricting the use of its miscellaneous revenue account for revenue sources that cannot be categorized under the existing revenue types, including charges for services, fines, intergovernmental revenues, and licenses and permits.

#### Management Response

The use of the Miscellaneous Revenue has a long history of use within the County as a "Catch-All" account for one-time monies and use in funds other than the General Fund. The County acknowledges these observations and as the County has been working on closing funds, it has also been working on monitoring and setting up new, appropriate accounts. This is a work in progress.

# Management Report Status of Prior Year Recommendations As of June 30, 2008

#### RECOMMENDATION

STATUS

#### DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE/AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

#### Convert to Computerized Capital Asset System

We recommend that the County consider converting to a computerized system designed to accumulate asset cost and calculate depreciation expense. Implemented.

#### Solid Waste Enterprise Fund General Ledger

We recommend that the County modify its process for recording activity in the solid waste fund's general ledger. The County should refrain from posting accounting adjustments directly to equity, a self-balancing account. Not implemented.

#### Number of Funds Used for Reporting

We recommend that the County follow the State Controller's "number of funds principle". The State Controller recommends that only the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and operating requirements be established. The County may wish to assign each project a cost center or department for tracking expenditures within one fund.

In Progress – The County closed several funds during the last two years.

# DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE/AUDITOR-CONTROLLER/ INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

#### General Ledger Balances

We recommend that the County review all funds that are not in balance and make the necessary adjustments to balance each fund. In addition, we recommend that the County's year end process be updated to include the closing of the temporary accounts into fund balance.

The County was able to provide us a report with all funds in balance prior to the audit.